

## Protocol: Antibody Labeling with Direct Fluorochrome Conjugate

1. Prepare a single cell suspension from cell source (culture, tissue, etc.).
2. Ascertain cell viability using Trypan Blue dye exclusion.\*
3. Adjust the cell concentration to  $10 \times 10^6$  cells/ml (this is maximum concentration, can be less) in 1X PBS containing blocking serum\*\* or 2% BSA.
4. Aliquot  $1 \times 10^6$  cells into each labeled tube (100ul of cell suspension).
5. Add directly conjugated antibody to cells, vortex.  
**Note:** Amount of antibody added will depend on manufacturer instructions and/or titration results.
6. Incubate antibody/cell suspension in the dark for 30 minutes at 4°C.
7. Following incubation, wash cells twice in 1 ml of PBS wash solution<sup>++</sup> to remove excess antibody (add 1 ml wash solution, vortex, spin at 1500RPM for five minutes, aspirate supernatant, repeat).
8. Resuspend suspension in 0.5ml of 0.5% paraformaldehyde and vortex. (Optional: Instead of paraformaldehyde, resuspend in 0.5ml PBS and acquire on flow cytometer within one hour).
9. Store samples at 4°C until flow cytometric acquisition/analysis.

\* Viability can be checked using various dyes on the flow cytometer if no fixative is added at the end of the procedure—see discussion under “Viability Assessment” in “Technical Considerations”.

\*\* See discussion re: use of blocking serum under “Technical Considerations” in this section.

<sup>++</sup>1X PBS w/2% FCS and 0.1% Sodium Azide.

### Reference:

Stewart CC, Stewart SJ: Immunophenotyping. In: *Current Protocols in Cytometry*, Robinson JP, Managing Editor, Unit 6.2, 2001.